## GREGORY-PORTLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

## ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022



LOVVORN & KIESCHNICK, LLP



### GREGORY-PORTLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### **DIRECTORY OF OFFICIALS**

#### **AUGUST 31, 2022**

#### **BOARD OF TRUSTEES**

TIM FLINN PRESIDENT

CARRIE GREGORY VICE-PRESIDENT

MELISSA GONZALES SECRETARY

NICOLE NOLEN MEMBER

MARK ROACH MEMBER

ZACHARY SIMMONS MEMBER

DEAN ATKINSON MEMBER

#### OTHER OFFICIALS

MICHELLE CAVAZOS, PH.D. SUPERINTENDENT

ISMAEL GONZALEZ III, ED.D. ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT FOR

**BUSINESS & FINANCE** 

LESLIE FAUGHT, ED.D. DEPUTY SUPERINTENDENT

BRANDON CHANDLER CHIEF HUMAN RESOURCES OFFICER

ALBERTO SILGUERO DIRECTOR OF BUSINESS SERVICES



## Gregory-Portland Independent School District Annual Financial Report For The Year Ended August 31, 2022

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## CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Gregory-Portland Independent School District Name of School District	San Patricio County	<u>205-902</u> CoDist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual fin were reviewed and (check one) approved at a meeting of the board of trustees of such school district of	_disapproved for the year end	ded August 31 2022
Signature of Board Secretary	Signature of Board P	Sleger resident FSIDENT

If the board of trustees disapproved of the auditor's report, the reason(s) for disapproving it is (are): (attach list as necessary)







#### Lovvorn & Kieschnick, LLP

418 Peoples Street, Ste. 308 Corpus Christi, TX 78401

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Board of Trustees Gregory-Portland Independent School District 608 College Street Portland. Texas 78374

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Gregory-Portland Independent School District ("the District"), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Gregory-Portland Independent School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Gregory-Portland Independent School District as of August 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Gregory-Portland Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Gregory-Portland Independent School District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Gregory-Portland Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures including examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accouting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, and budgetary comparison information and schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability and schedule of District pension contributions, and schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability and schedule of District OPEB contributions identified as Required Supplementary Information in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Gregory-Portland Independent School District's basic financial statements. The introductory section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements Federal for Awards, and is also not required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 9, 2023 on our consideration of Gregory-Portland Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Gregory-Portland Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

Lovvorn & Kieschnick, LLP

Lover + Kieschnick , 228

Corpus Christi, TX February 9, 2023







# GREGORY-PORTLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022 UNAUDITED

This section of Gregory-Portland Independent School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- The District's total combined net position was \$161,393,829 at August 31, 2022.
- During the year, the District's expenses were \$30,050,154 less than the \$106,264,501 generated in taxes and other revenues for governmental activities.
- The general fund reported a fund balance this year of \$109,244,792.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This annual report consists of three parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial* statements that provide both *long-term* and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses, such as internal service funds.

Government-Wide Fund Financial Statements Statements Financial Financial Statements Financial

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Statements

Management's

Discussion

and



Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the
District acts solely as a trustee or custodian for the benefit of others, to whom the resources
in question belong.

Required

Supplementary Information

Statements

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

#### **Government-wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of

			Fund Statements	
Type of Statements	Government-wide	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire Agency's government (except fiduciary funds) and the Agency's component units	The activities of the district that are not proprietary or fiduciary	Activities the district operates similar to private businesses self insurance	Instances in which the district is the trustee or custodian for someone else's resources
	*Statement of net assets	*Balance sheet	Statement of net assets	*Statement of fiduciary net assets
Required financial statements	*Statement of activities	Statement of revenues, expenditures & changes in fund balances	Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets     Statement of cash flows	+ Statement of changes in fiduciary net assets
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and habilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter, no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long- term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long- term; the Agency's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year, expenditures when goods or services have been received and pay ment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

net position includes all of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position—the difference between the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources—is one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's tax base.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the *Governmental activities*. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, extracurricular activities, curriculum and staff development, health services and general administration. Property taxes, state formula revenue, and grants finance most of these activities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant *funds*—not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The Board of Trustees establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The District has the following kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds—Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Internal service fund—The District worker compensation indurance coverage costs are
  accounted for in an internal service fund. Costs related to worker compensation insurance
  coverage services provided to parties inside the District are distributed to the users of
  support services on a cost-reimbursement basis.
- Fiduciary funds—The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds. It is also responsible for other assets that—because of a trust arrangement—can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Continued

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

## Net position

The District's combined net position was \$161,393,829 at August 31, 2022. (See Table A-1.)

Table A-1
Gregory-Portland Independent School District's Net Position
(in millions of dollars)

(III Millions of delicits)	/		Total
	Governr	nental	Percentage
	Activi		Change
	2022	2021	2022-2021
Commant Assats	2022	2021	2022-2021
Current Assets:	404.4	202.0	E 70/
Cash and Investments	191.4	203.0	-5.7%
Property Taxes (Net)	0.5	0.5	0.0%
Due from Other Governments	5.4	6.5	-16.9%
Inventory	0.2	0.2	0.0%
Unrealized Expense	0.1	0.1	0.0%
Total Current Assets:	197.6	210.3	-6.0%
Noncurrent Assets:			
Land	4.1	4.1	0.0%
Construction in Progress	23.5	18.0	30.6%
Buildings and Equipment, Net	182.7	170.8	7.0%
Total Noncurrent Assets	210.3	192.9	9.0%
Total Assets	407.9	403.2	1.2%
•	107.0	100.2	11270
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		(0.0)	00.00/
Deferred Charge for Refunding	(0.4)	(0.3)	33.3%
Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions	5.7	7.4	-23.0%
Deferred Outflow Related to OPEB	5.7	5.4	5.6%
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	11.0	12.5	-12.0%
Current Liabilities:			
	9.4	13.1	-28.2%
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities Interest Payable	0.3	0.3	0.0%
Due to Other Governments	0.5	0.5	0.0%
	0.4	0.1	300.0%
Unearned Revenue	0.4		
Total Current Liabilities	10.1	13.5	-25.2%
Non-current Liabilities:			0.404
Due Within One Year	10.8	11.5	-6.1%
Due in More Than One Year	196.4	217.2	-9.6%
Net Pension Liability	7.3	15.1	-51.7%
Net OPEB Liability	14.8	14.5	2.1%
Total Liabilities	239.4	271.8	-11.9%
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions	7.7	1.9	305.3%
Deferred Inflow Related to OPEB	10.3	10.6	-2.8%
		12.5	44.0%
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	18.0	12.5	44.0%
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	73.2	57.5	27.3%
Restricted For:			
Federal and State Programs	1.0	0.6	66.7%
Debt Service	2.1	2.4	-12.5%
Unrestricted	85.1	70.9	20.0%
Total Net Position	161.4	131.4	22.8%
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Approximately \$2.1 million of the District's restricted net position represents proceeds from local taxes. These proceeds, when spent, are restricted for debt service. The balance of restricted net position, \$1.0 million is restricted for use in state and federal programs.

The \$85.1 million of unrestricted net position represents resources available to fund the programs of the District next year.

#### Changes in net position

The District's total revenues were \$106.4 million. A significant portion, 57.5%, of the District's revenue comes from taxes, 10.6% comes from state aid, 0.5% relates to charges for services, 8.9% comes from operating grants and contributions, and 21.0% came from Chapter 313 payments, while 1.5% came from investments and other.

The total cost of all programs and services was \$76.2 million.

Table A-2
Changes in Gregory-Portland Independent School District's Net Position
(in millions of dollars)

(III TIMIOTIO OI GOMETO)			Total
	Govern	mental	Percentage
	Activ		Change
	2022	2021	2022-2021
D	2022	2021	2022-2021
Program Revenues:	0.5	0.3	66.7%
Charges for Services		6.2	53.2%
Operating Grants and Contributions	9.5	6.2	33.276
General Revenues:			
Property Taxes	61.2	55.6	10.1%
State Aid – Formula	11.3	28.6	-60.5%
Chapter 313 Payments	22.3	19.0	17.4%
Other	1.6	0.8	100.0%
Total Revenues	106.4	110.5	-3.7%
Expenses:			
Instruction	35.9	34.4	4.4%
Instructional Resources and Media Services	0.6	2.0	-70.0%
Curriculum Dev. and Instructional Staff Dev.	1.5	0.6	150.0%
Instructional Leadership	1.1	0.8	37.5%
School Leadership	3.3	3.3	0.0%
Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	1.9	1.9	0.0%
Social Work Services	0.3	0.2	50.0%
Health Services	0.6	0.6	0.0%
Student (Pupil) Transportation	1.3	1.2	8.3%
Food Services	3.6	2.9	24.1%
Curricular/Extracurricular Activities	2.7	2.0	35.0%
General Administration	3.5	3.0	16.7%
Plant Maintenance & Oper.	9.7	8.1	19.8%
Security & Monitoring Services	0.7	0.5	40.0%
Data Processing Services	1.6	0.3	433.3%
Debt Service	6.9	7.7	-10.4%
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	0.2	4.3	-95.3%
Other Intergovernmental Charges	0.8	0.7	14.3%
Total Expenses	76.2	74.5	2.3%
,			
Special and Extraordinary Items:		(4.0)	100.0%
Extraordinary ItemsNet	-	(1.3)	0.0%
Special ItemsNet	(0.2)	-	
Transfers		_	0.0%
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	30.0	34.7	-13.5%
Net Position Beginning	131.4	96.7	35.9%
Net Positon Ending	161.4	131.4	22.8%

- The cost of all *governmental* activities this year was \$76.2 million.
- However, the amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was \$61.2 million, while \$22.3 million came from Chapter 313 payments.
- Some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs, \$0.5 million, or
- By grants and contributions \$9.5 million.

Table A-3 presents the cost of each of the District's largest functions as well as each function's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost reflects what was funded by state revenues as well as local tax dollars.

Table A-3

Net Cost of Selected Gregory-Portland Independent School District Functions
(in millions of dollars)

	Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of Services			
	_2022_	2021_	% Change	2022	2021	% Change
Instruction	35.9	34.4	4.4%	32.2	32.3	-0.3%
School Administration	3.5	3.0	16.7%	3.3	2.8	17.9%
Plant Maintenance & Operations	9.7	8.1	19.8%	8.9	7.6	17.1%
Debt Service - Interest & Fiscal Charges	6.9	7.7	-10.4%	6.9	7.6	-9.2%

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Revenues from governmental fund types totaled \$109.9 million, a decrease of 0.5% from the preceding year.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Over the course of the year, the Board of Trustees reviewed the District budget and made budget amendments. Even with these adjustments, actual expenditures were \$66.2 million below final budget amounts. The most significant favorable variance in expenditures was for student (pupil) transportation and capital outlay.

Resources available were \$2.6 million less than the final budgeted amount.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

At the end of 2021-22, the District had invested \$255.0 million in a broad range of capital assets, including land, equipment, buildings, and vehicles. (See Table A-4.) This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$17.3 million or 9.0% increase from last year.

Table A-4
Gregory-Portland Independent School District's Capital Assets
(in millions of dollars)

	Governr Activi 2022	Percentage Change 2022-2021	
Land Buildings and Improvements Construction in Progress Vehicles Equipment	4.1	4.1	0.0%
	210.4	193.5	8.7%
	23.5	18.0	30.6%
	4.1	4.3	-4.7%
	12.9	12.3	4.9%
Totals at Historical Cost	255.0	232.2	9.8%
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>44.7</u>	39.2	14.0%
Net Capital Assets	<u>210.3</u>	193.0	9.0%

## **Long-Term Obligations**

More detailed information about the District's obligations is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

The District had the following obligations at August 31, 2022:

#### **Bond Ratings**

The District's bonds presently carry "AAA" enhanced rating with underlying ratings as follows: Standard & Poors "AA"; Moody's Aa2.

Table A-5
Gregory-Portland Independent School District's Long-Term Obligations
(in millions of dollars)

			Total
	Governmental		Percentage
	Activ	vities .	Change
	2022	2021	2022-2021
Bonds Payable	185.2	205.1	-9.70%
Bond Premium	22.0	23.4	<b>-</b> 5.98%
Loan Payable	_	0.2	-100.00%
Sub-Total	207.2	228.7	-9.40%
Net Pension Liability	7.3	15.1	-51.66%
Net OPEB Liability	14.8	14.5	2.07%
Total Long-Term Obligations	229.3	258.3	-11.23%

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES**

Factors taken into consideration during budget planning include the following:

- Appraised value used for the 2022-23 budget preparation decreased by \$405 million for Maintenance & Operations, or -11.75% from the prior year estimated value.
- Anticipating an average daily attendance (ADA) of 4,350
- General operating fund spending per student in average daily attendance increases in the 2022-23 budget from \$13,733 to \$14,600.
- Increasing starting Teacher Salary to \$60,000 to maintain the highest starting salary in Region 2
- · Needs assessments conducted by Campus, Department, and District Leaders

Amounts available for appropriation in the 2022-23 general fund budget are \$86.4 million, an increase of 14% from the original 2021-22 budget of \$75.4 million. Total local revenue for the general fund is projected to increase by approximately \$3.8 million. State revenue sources are expected to increase \$6.9 million from the amount budgeted for the prior year.

The District is collecting tax revenue loss and supplemental payments due to Chapter 313 agreements taking effect. These payments will continue to provide increases to fund balance through approximately 2027, barring any further legislative changes.

For the 2022-23 fiscal year, the School-District was notified by the Texas Education Agency (TEA) that the District's Tier One local share under the TEC, §48.256, will exceed the District's entitlement under the TEC, §48.266(a)(1), less the District's distribution from the state available school fund, and/or the District's Tier Two local share described by the TEC, §48.266(a)(5)(B), will exceed the amount described by the TEC, §48.202(a-1)(2), for school year 2022–2023, also known as a property wealthy Chapter 49 School-District. TEA estimates an excess revenue amount of \$460,449. The District selected to purchase average daily attendance credit to reduce the local revenue level.

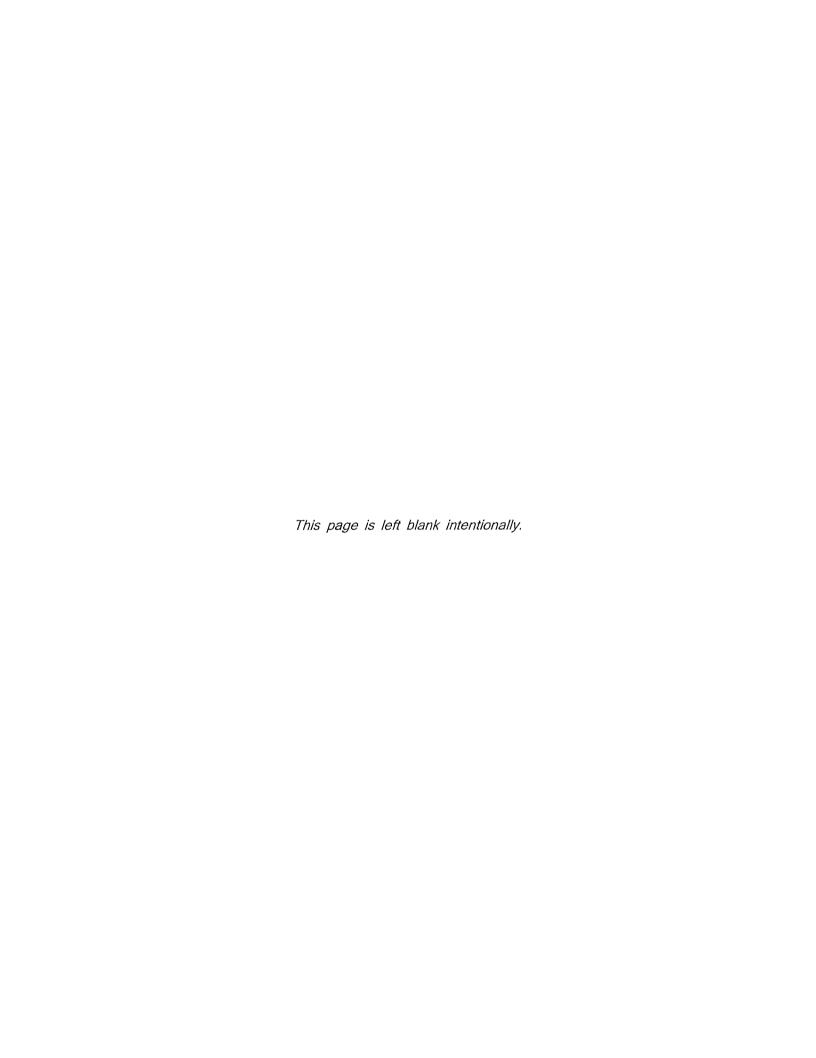
General fund expenditures are budgeted to increase nearly 6.5% from \$59.6 million to \$63.5 million. The District's largest budget item remains payroll. For the 2022-2023 school year, the Board of Trustees approved a 3% raise based on the mid-point system for all employees.

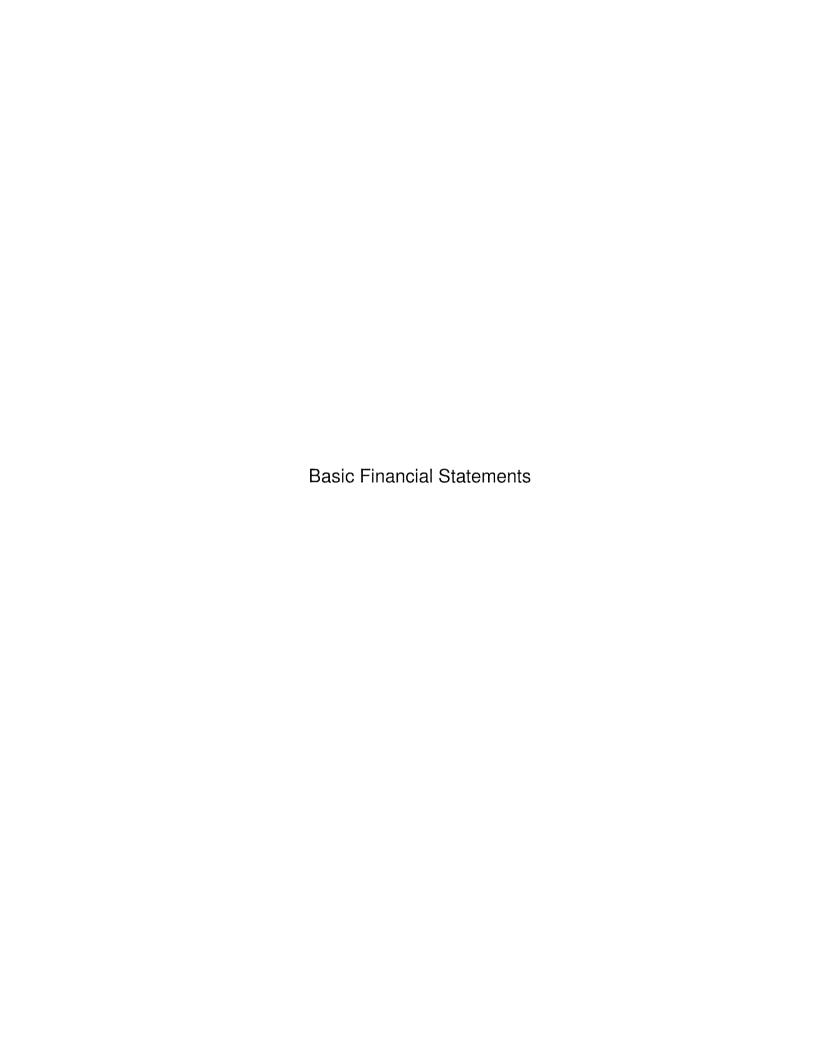
The District's expenditures continue to increase due to competitive salary increases, curriculum needs, security needs, aging facilities, and increasing costs due to inflation and the continued impact on rising market prices across all industries. Unfinished maintenance projects will also be budgeted and completed in 2022-23.

The school board has supported senior District management which has been in place for 18+ years and has assured stability in financial management. The District uses conservative principles to manage financial activities when it comes to projected annual enrollment and/or increases to annual property valuations to ensure that budgets remain within projected revenues.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Office of Assistant Superintendent for Business & Finance, Gregory-Portland Independent School District at (361) 777-1091.







## **GREGORY-PORTLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT**

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2022

ъ.			ł
Data			Cavaramantal
Control			Governmental
Codes	ACCETC.	_	Activities
1110	ASSETS:	ø	101 269 107
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents Property Taxes Receivable (Net)	\$	191,368,197
1225			491,321
1240 1250	Due from Other Governments		5,366,255
	Accrued Interest		34,912
1290	Other Receivables (Net)		15,948
1300 1410	Inventories		207,015
1410	Unrealized Expenses Capital Assets:		42,522
1510	Land		4,106,096
1520	Buildings and Improvements, Net		173,383,182
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net		9,324,307
1580	Construction in Progress		23,527,964
1000	Total Assets	_	
1000	Total Assets		407,867,718
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
1701	Deferred Charge for Refunding		(416,783)
1701	Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions		5,674,952
1705	Deferred Outflow Related to OPEB		5,695,241
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	10,953,410
1700	Total Deletted Outiliows of Nesodices	_	10,333,410
	LIABILITIES:		
2110	Accounts Payable		5,097,989
2140	Interest Payable		303,061
2165	Accrued Liabilities		4,272,854
2180	Due to Other Governments		3,782
2300	Unearned Revenue		460,483
2000	Noncurrent Liabilities:		100,100
2501	Due Within One Year		10,861,472
2502	Due in More Than One Year		196,371,840
2540	Net Pension Liability		7,282,543
2545	Net OPEB Liability		14,763,406
2000	Total Liabilities		239,417,430
2000	Total Elabilities		200,117,100
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
2605	Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions		7,741,160
2606	Deferred Inflow Related to OPEB		10,268,708
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	18,009,869
		-	
	NET POSITION:		
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets		73,153,581
	Restricted For:		,,
3820	Federal and State Programs		990,223
3850	Debt Service		2,091,628
3890	Other		15,858
3900	Unrestricted		85,142,539
3000	Total Net Position	\$	161,393,829
		*=	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

#### **GREGORY-PORTLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT**

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

			•		Ū		•
					Program	Reven	ues
Data							Operating
Control				Ch	arges for		Grants and
Codes	Functions/Programs		Expenses	S	ervices	C	Contributions
	Governmental Activities:						
11	Instruction	\$	35,891,655	\$	24	\$	3,719,577
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services		583,738				56,840
13	Curriculum and Staff Development		1,470,289				103,008
21	Instructional Leadership		1,098,226				144,881
23	School Leadership		3,321,928				242,471
31	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		1,928,789				381,785
32	Social Work Services		282,803				26,254
33	Health Services		630,672				76,456
34	Student Transportation		1,347,400				84,856
35	Food Service		3,570,386		252,085		3,783,253
36	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		2,709,506		193,524		134,770
41	General Administration		3,548,026				214,899
51	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		9,668,421		10,148		744,661
52	Security and Monitoring Services		672,494				31,206
53	Data Processing Services		1,641,534				72,924
61	Community Services		5,236				1,617
72	Interest on Long-term Debt		6,760,924				16,910
73	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees		129,820				
81	Capital Outlay		199,975				(345,887)
99	Other Intergovernmental Charges		752,525				
TG	Total Governmental Activities	_	76,214,347		455,781		9,490,481
TP	Total Primary Government	\$_	76,214,347	\$	455,781	\$	9,490,481
	Ge	neral Re	venues:				
MT	Р	roperty T	axes, Levied for G	eneral Pur	poses		
DT	Р	roperty T	axes, Levied for D	ebt Servic	ė		
			13 Payments				
ΙE			t Earnings				
GC			d Contributions No	t Restricte	d to Specific I	Program	าร
MI		liscellane			•	J	
			Extraordinary Iter	ns:			
			m Outflow - Tax V		idaments (No	ite Q)	
E1			ary Item Inflow - H				eived
E0			ary item Outlow				CIVOU

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

E1 E2

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Extraordinary Item Outflow - Winterstorm Uri Damages

Total General Revenues Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning

Net Position - Ending

## **EXHIBIT B-1**

	Net (Expense)
	Revenue and
	Changes in
-	Net Position
	Governmental
-	Activities
\$	(32,172,054) (526,898) (1,367,281) (953,345) (3,079,457) (1,547,004) (256,549) (554,216) (1,262,544) 464,952 (2,381,212) (3,333,127) (8,913,612) (641,288)
	(1,568,610) (3,619) (6,744,014) (129,820) (545,862)
-	(752,525) (66,268,085)
_	(66,268,085)
	33,831,543 27,389,680 22,281,177 1,300,016 11,338,352 445,808
-	(260,821) 1,346 (8,861) 96,318,240 30,050,154 131,343,675
\$_	161,393,829

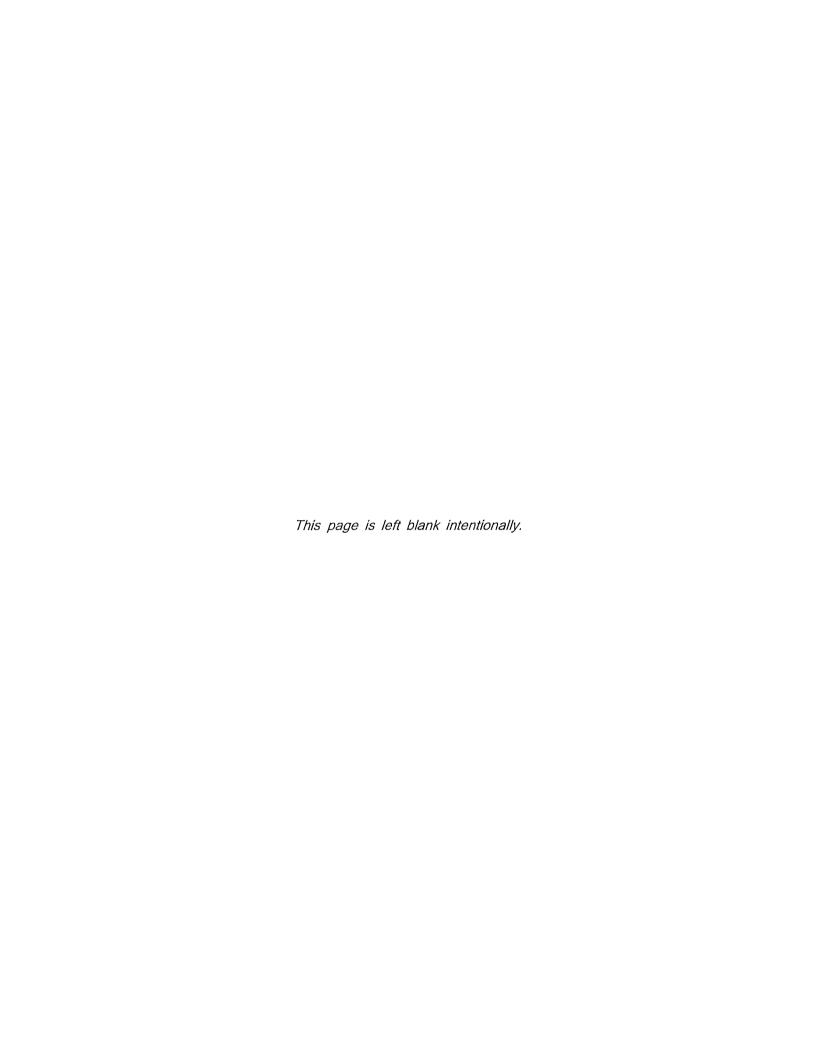
## **GREGORY-PORTLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT**

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2022

			10				50
Data				E	SSER Fund III of		Debt
Contro	1		General		the American		Service
Codes			Fund	F	Rescue Plan Act		Fund
	ASSETS:	_		-		***********	
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	105,735,668	\$		\$	1,939,322
1225	Taxes Receivable, Net	,	408,313	·			83,008
1240	Due from Other Governments		1,448,379		2,133,929		12,123
1250	Accrued Interest		34,912				,
1260	Due from Other Funds		6,895,908				361,986
1290	Other Receivables		6,734				
1300	Inventories		8,245		00 ml		
1410	Unrealized Expenditures		42,522				
1000	Total Assets	_	114,580,681	-	2,133,929		2,396,439
1000	Total Assets	=	114,000,001	=	2,100,020		<u> </u>
	LIABILITIES:						
	Current Liabilities:						
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	802,178	\$		\$	
2120	Short-Term Debt Payable	Ψ	13,411	Ψ		Ψ	
2150	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings		148				
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		3,216,036				
2170	Due to Other Funds		509,199		2,133,929		
2170	Due to Other Funds  Due to Other Governments		2,032		2,100,929		1,750
			2,032		<del></del>		1,730
2200	Accrued Expenditures		 204 E74				
2300	Unearned Revenue		384,571	-	2,133,929	***************************************	1,750
2000	Total Liabilities		4,927,575	-	2,133,929	-	1,750
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
2601	Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		408,314				83,007
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		408,314	-	***		83,007
2000	Total Deletted Inflows of Resources		400,314	-			00,007
	FUND BALANCES:						
	Nonspendable Fund Balances:						
3410	Inventories		8,245		***		
3430	Prepaid Items		42,522				
3430	Restricted Fund Balances:		72,022				
3450	Federal/State Funds Grant Restrictions						
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt						2,311,682
3490	Other Restrictions of Fund Balance						2,011,002
3490					<del></del>		
0500	Assigned Fund Balances:		04 700 404				
3590	Other Assigned Fund Balance		84,780,424				
3600	Unassigned	_	24,413,601	-		_	0.011.000
3000	Total Fund Balances	_	109,244,792	-		_	2,311,682
	Total Liabilities Deferred Inflaw						
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources and Fund Balances	æ	114,580,681	\$	2,133,929	\$	2,396,439
4000	of nesources and rund datafices	Φ_	114,000,001	Φ_	۲,۱۵۵,۵۲۵	Φ	2,000,400

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

60 Capital Projects Fund - 615		60 Capital Projects Fund - 622	Other Governmental Funds	98 Total Governmental Funds	
\$	9,861,407 9,861,407	\$ 69,797,409 748,410 70,545,819	\$ 34,392  1,771,824  100,779 9,214 198,770  2,114,979	\$ 187,368,198 491,321 5,366,255 34,912 8,107,083 15,948 207,015 42,522 201,633,254	
\$	804,356   2,679,149   3,483,505	\$ 3,429,364    2,274,498  856,257  6,560,119	\$ 54,131   472,583   75,912 602,626	\$ 5,090,029 13,411 148 3,216,036 8,069,358 3,782 856,257 460,483 17,709,504	
				491,321 491,321	
		 	198,770	207,015 42,522	
	  6,377,902	  63,985,700	991,474  114,089	991,474 2,311,682 70,477,691	
	6,377,902	63,985,700	208,020  1,512,353	84,988,444 24,413,601 183,432,429	
\$	9,861,407	\$70,545,819_	\$2,114,979	\$201,633,254	



RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2022

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet 183,432,429 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position ("SNP") are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds. 210,341,549 Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds. 491,321 The assets and liabilities of internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the SNP. 3,767,310 Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. (185, 195, 000)Payables for loans which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. (38,486)Payables for debt interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. (303,061)Bond premiums are amortized in the SNA but not in the funds. (21,999,826)Deferred charge for refunding is expended in the funds, but is amortized in the statement of net position. (416,783)Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds. (7,282,543)Deferred Resource Inflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds. (7,741,160)Deferred Resource Outflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds. 5,674,952 Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is not reported in the funds. (14,763,406)Deferred Resource Inflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds. (10,268,708)Deferred Resource Outflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds. 5,695,241 Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position \$ 161,393,829

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Data Contro Codes	_		10 General Fund	th	SER Fund III of e American scue Plan Act	-	50 Debt Service Fund
5700 5800 5900 5020	REVENUES: Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues Total Revenues	\$	57,228,981 15,064,120 640,695 72,933,796	\$ 	2,133,929 2,133,929	\$ 	27,462,855 16,910  27,479,765
0011	EXPENDITURES: Current: Instruction		31,031,945		1,388,227		
0012 0013 0021 0023	Instructional Resources and Media Services Curriculum and Staff Development Instructional Leadership School Leadership		546,015 1,300,747 1,048,791 3,179,345		19,656 6,660 37,101 118,575		  
0031 0032 0033 0034	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services Social Work Services Health Services Student Transportation		1,589,982 278,713 563,467 1,209,673		50,091 7,609 17,754 55,572		  
0035 0036 0041 0051	Food Service Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities General Administration Facilities Maintenance and Operations		5,590 2,406,621 3,404,435 8,823,478		145,291 17,754 60,263 171,197		  
0052 0053 0061	Security and Monitoring Services Data Processing Services Community Services		561,429 1,528,984 3,353		15,353 22,826		   19,620,000
0072 0073 0081	,		433,612 33,580  859,103		  		8,056,650 123,820
6030	Other Intergovernmental Charges Total Expenditures  Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)	en e	752,525 59,561,388		2,133,929		27,800,470
1100 8949	Expenditures  Other Financing Sources and (Uses): Other Uses - Tax Valuation Judgment (Note Q)	_	13,372,408			_	(320,705)
7080 7919	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)  EXTRAORDINARY ITEM: Extraordinary Item (Resource)	_	(177,467) 1,346				(83,354)
8913 1200	Extraordinary Item (Use) Net Change in Fund Balances	_	(8,861 <u>)</u> 13,187,426	en Proposition of			(404,059)
	Fund Balances - Beginning Fund Balances - Ending	\$_	96,057,366 109,244,792	\$		\$	2,715,741 2,311,682

	60 Capital Projects Fund - 615	60 Capital Projects Fund - 622	Other Governmental Funds	98 Total Governmental Funds
\$	64,399 2,367 	\$ 480,836  	\$ 452,627 263,132 6,086,207	\$ 85,689,698 15,346,529 8,860,831
	66,766	480,836	6,801,966	109,897,058
	20,824	1,318,830	1,829,957 19,881	35,589,783 585,552
			69,873	1,377,280
			37,898	1,123,790
				3,297,920
			261,374	1,901,447
				286,322
		4,272	35,000	620,493
				1,265,245
		63,383	3,440,168	3,654,432
		83,547	125,414	2,633,336
				3,464,698
	76,610	37,250	320,410	9,428,945
		67,910		644,692
	32,845		<del></del>	1,584,655
			1,516	4,869
			31,141	20,084,753
		**	1,164	8,091,394
	6,000			129,820
	(50,990)	22,010,857		22,818,970
		<del></del>	<del></del>	752,525
-	85,289	23,586,049	6,173,796	119,340,921
	(18,523)	(23,105,213)	628,170	(9,443,863)
			<u></u>	(260,821)
		<del></del>		(260,821)
		<del></del>	<del></del>	1,346 (8,861)
	(18,523)	(23,105,213)	628,170	(9,712,199)
\$	6,396,425 6,377,902	\$7,090,913 \$63,985,700	884,183 \$1,512,353	193,144,628 \$183,432,429

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (9,712,199)Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities ("SOA") are different because: Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA. 23,150,147 The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds. (5,758,734)Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year. 28,037 Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA. 19,930,000 Repayment of loan principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA. 154,752 (Increase) decrease in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period. 40,596 The net revenue (expense) of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities. 336,519 Amortization of bond premium and deferred amount is an expense in the SOA but not in the funds. 1,289,874 The District's share of the unrecognized deferred inflows and outflows for the pension plan was amortized. 264,734

The District's share of the unrecognized deferred inflows and outflows for the OPEB plan was amortized.

Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities

30,050,154

326,428

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUND AUGUST 31, 2022

Data	01, 2022	-	nterna	major I Service und
Contro	1		Insu	ırance
Codes			F	und
	ASSETS:	_		
	Current Assets:			
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$_		999,998
	Total Current Assets	_		999,998
1000	Total Assets	-	3,	999,998
	LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities:			
2110	Accounts Payable	\$		7,960
2170	Due to Other Funds	Ψ		37,726
2200	Accrued Expenses			187,002
2200	Total Current Liabilities	-		232,688
2000	Total Liabilities			232,688
	NET POSITION:			
3900			2	767,310
3000		φ		767,310
3000	Total Net Position	Φ_	<u> </u>	,707,310

Nonmajor

# **GREGORY-PORTLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT**

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

		Ir	nternal Service Fund
Data Contro Codes 5700 5020		- \$_	Insurance Fund 652,016 652,016
6200 6400 6030	OPERATING EXPENSES: Professional and Contracted Services Other Operating Costs Total Expenses		63,863 260,210 324,073
7955 8030	Operating Income (Loss)  NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): Earnings from Temp. Deposits and Investments Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)	******	8,576 8,576
1300	Change in Net Position		336,519
0100 3300	Total Net Position - Beginning Total Net Position - Ending	\$	3,430,791 3,767,310

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

		Nonmajor Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Cash Received from Customers	\$	
Cash Receipts (Payments) for Quasi-external		
Operating Transactions with Other Funds		652,015
Cash Payments to Employees for Services		
Cash Payments to Other Suppliers for Goods and Services		(471,677)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		180,338
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Interest and Dividends on Investments		8,576
Net Cash Provided (Used) for Investing Activities	_	8,576
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		188,914
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		3,811,084
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	3,999,998
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash		
Provided by Operating Activities:		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	327,943
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash		
Provided by Operating Activities		
Depreciation		
Change in Assets and Liabilities:		
Decrease (Increase) in Receivables		
Decrease (Increase) in Prepaid Expenses		
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		276
Increase (Decrease) in Payroll Deductions		
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Wages Payable		
Increase (Decrease) in Interfund Payables		(208,277)
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Governments		
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Expenses		60,396
Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenue		(1.17.05=
Total Adjustments	<u></u>	(147,605)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	180,338

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2022

A00001 31, 2022		Custodial Fund
Data		
Control		Student
Codes		Activity
ASSETS:	-	
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	288,232
1000 Total Assets		288,232
LIABILITIES:		
2000 Total Liabilities	_	
NET POSITION:		
3800 Restricted for Student Activities	\$	288,232
3000 Total Net Position	\$	288,232

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

	_	Custodial Funds Student Activity
ADDITIONS: Student Group Fundraising Activities Contributions/Gifts Student Club Fees Fines/Misc Fees/Return Item Fees Miscellaneous Revenue Interest Earnings Total Additions	\$	312,576 77,633 83,372 10,769 75,058 26 559,434
DEDUCTIONS: Student Scholarships Student Activities Return Items Total Deductions	_ _	3,500 508,148 25 511,673
Change in Fiduciary Net Position		47,761
Net Position-Beginning of the Year Net Position-End of the Year	\$	240,471 288,232



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

#### A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of Gregory-Portland Independent School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide ("Resource Guide"). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

#### 1. Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees ("Board"), a seven-member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and has the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency ("TEA") or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the TEA may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of those funding entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity and there are no component units included within the District's reporting entity.

#### 2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

#### a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the District. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the District and for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

ESSER III: This fund is used to account for money received to address the areas most impacted by disruption

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

and closure of school caused by COVID-19.

Debt Service Fund: This fund is used to account for general long-term debt principal and interest for debt issues and other long-term debts for which a tax has been dedictaed.

Capital Projects Fund 615: This fund is used to account for construction activities.

Capital Projects Fund 622: This fund is used to account for construction activities.

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds: These funds are used to account for revenues and expenses related to services provided to parties inside the District. These funds facilitate distribution of support costs to the users of support services on a cost-reimbursement basis. Because the principal users of the internal services are the District's governmental activities, this fund type is included in the "Governmental Activities" column of the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. However, because their assets are held in a trustee or custodial capacity and are therefore not available to support District programs, these funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

#### b. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

#### 3. Financial Statement Amounts

## a. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

## b. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period.

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

# c. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of supplies on the balance sheet are stated at weighted average cost, while inventories of food commodities are recorded at market values supplied by the Texas Department of Human Services. Inventory items are recorded as expenditures when they are consumed. Supplies are used for almost all functions of activity, while food commodities are used only in the food service program. Although commodities are received at no cost, their fair market value is supplied by the Texas Department of Human Services and recorded as inventory and deferred revenue when received. When requisitioned, inventory and deferred revenue are relieved, expenditures are charged, and revenue is recognized for an equal amount. Inventories also include plant maintenance and operation supplies as well as instructional supplies.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

### d. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives
Buildings	50
Building Improvements	20
Vehicles	10
Equipment	10

### e. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position (the government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental funds balance sheet) will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position and/or fund balance that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### f. Receivable and Payable Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

Except for delinquent taxes, there are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

#### g. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

# h. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates.

#### i. Data Control Codes

Data Control Codes appear in the rows and above the columns of certain financial statements. The TEA requires the display of these codes in the financial statements filed with TEA in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

# j. Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid insurance) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance - represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the District's Board of Trustees. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Trustees removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the Board of Trustees. Commitments are typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Board of Trustees or by an official or body to which the Board of Trustees delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the general fund convey that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the District itself.

Unassigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

#### k. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

#### I. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### 4. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

At August 31, 2022, the District reported the following:

Net Pension Asset

Net Pension Liability \$ 7,282,543

### 5. Other Post-Employment Benefits

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS-Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to / deductions from TRS-Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

#### 6. Implementation of New Standards

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

In the current fiscal year, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. Management has determined that the District does not have any leases that meet the requirement to be recorded under the provisions of GASB 87, Leases.

#### B. Compliance and Accountability

1. Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures," violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations:

ViolationAction TakenNone reportedNot applicable

2. Deficit Fund Balance or Fund Net Position of Individual Funds

Following are funds having deficit fund balances or fund net position at year end, if any, along with remarks which address such deficits:

Fund NameAmountRemarksNone reportedNot applicableNot applicable

#### C. Deposits and Investments

Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Deposits and Investments

The Public Funds Investment Act (Texas Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the Disctrict to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar- weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the District to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. Agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) Mutual Funds, (8) Investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Act also requires the District to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The District is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

#### 1. Cash Deposits:

At August 31, 2022, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was 12,989,976 and the bank balance was 14,144,554. The District's cash deposits at August 31, 2022, were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

#### Investments:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

As of August 31, 2022, the District had the following investments and maturities:

#### Investment Maturities (In Years)

Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1	1 to 2	2 to 3
Investment Pools:				
Investment in TexPool	4,200,113	4,200,113		
Investment in Lone Star Pool	174,466,358	174,466,358		
Total Fair Value	\$ 178,666,471 \$	178,666,471 \$	\$	

Interest Rate Risk - In accordance with state law and District policy, the District does not purchase any investments with maturities greater than 10 years.

Credit Risk - In accordance with state law and the District's investment policy investments in mutual funds, and investment pools must be rated at least AAA, commercial paper must be rated at least A-1 or P-1, and investments in obligations from other states, municipalities, counties, etc. must be rated at least A. The District's investments in investment pools were rated AAA.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The District does not place a limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer. The District does not have a concentration of credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District does not have a custodial credit risk.

The local government investment pools such as TexPool and Lone Star Pool are not evidenced by securities in physical form. They are managed conservatively to provide safe, efficient and liquid investments to Texas governmental entities. The pools both seek to maintain a \$1 value per share as required by the Texas Public Funds Investment Act.

Federated Investors manages the assets, provides participant services, and arranges for all custody and other functions in support of TexPool operations under a contract with the State Comptroller of Public Accounts. The state comptroller maintains oversight responsibility for TexPool, including the ability to influence operations, designation of management and accountability for fiscal matters. Although TexPool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, it operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. GASB 31 allows 2a7-like pools to use amortized cost (which excludes unrealized gains and losses) rather than market value to report net assets to compute share price. The fair value of the District's position in TexPool is the same as the value of TexPool shares.

Lone Star Investment Pool is administered by FIRST Public. The fair value of the funds in Lone Star is also the same as the value of Lone Star shares.

Limitations exist for withdrawals in this way: ACH (Automated Clearing House) withdrawals from Lone Star or TexPool are restricted to the account designated by the direct deposit form currently on record. The current authorized direct deposit form designates only the District Depository Bank as the entitiy to use for deposits or withdrawals by ACH. The Superintendent must authorize any new or replacement direct deposit form that would alter or replace the depository bank.

Limitations exist for wire transfers in this way: A Wire Transfer to or from Lone Star or TexPool requires two signatures from authorized representatives in order to be processed.

### D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2022, was as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

		Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental activities:				-	
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	4,106,096 \$	w-w	\$ \$	4,106,096
Construction in progress		18,017,417	22,188,584	16,678,037	23,527,964
Total capital assets not being depreciated		22,123,513	22,188,584	16,678,037	27,634,060
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements		193,479,389	16,909,295		210,388,684
Equipment		12,311,668	626,335		12,938,003
Vehicles		4,313,282	103,970	338,966	4,078,286
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	210,104,339	17,639,600	338,966	227,404,973
Less accumulated depreciation for:	_				
Buildings and improvements		(32,684,097)	(4,321,406)		(37,005,503)
Equipment		(4,233,918)	(1,092,247)		(5,326,165)
Vehicles		(2,359,702)	(345,081)	(338,966)	(2,365,817)
Total accumulated depreciation	_	(39,277,717)	(5,758,734)	(338,966)	(44,697,485)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		170,826,622	11,880,866		182,707,488
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$_	192,950,135 \$	34,069,450	\$ <u>16,678,037</u> \$	210,341,548

# Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 3,054,468
Instructional Resources and Media Services	50,998
Curriculum and Staff Development	124,981
Instructional Leadership	93,354
School Leadership	282,378
Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services	163,955
Social Work Services	24,039
Health Services	53,610
Student Transportation	280,252
Food Services	53,987
Extracurricular Activities	232,189
General Administration	302,041
Plant Maintenance and Operations	843,382
Security and Monitoring Services	57,165
Data Processing Services	141,491
Community Services	444
	\$ 5,758,734

# E. Interfund Balances and Activities

# 1. Due To and From Other Funds

Balances due to and due from other funds at August 31, 2022, consisted of the following:

Due To Fund	Due From Fund	 Amount	Purpose
General Fund	ESSER III	\$ 2,133,929	Short-term loans
General Fund	Capital Projects Fund 615	1,977,173	Capital projects expenditures reimbursement
General Fund	Capital Projects Fund 622	2,274,497	Capital projects expenditures reimbursement

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Debt Service Fund	General Fund	361,986	Short-term loans
Capital Projects Fund 622	Capital Projects Fund 615	701,976	Capital projects expenditures
Capital Projects Fund 622	General Fund	46,434	Capital projects expenditures
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	472,583	Short-term loans
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	100,779	Capital projects expenditures
General Fund	Internal Service Fund	37,726	Short-term loans
	Total	\$ 8,107,083	

All amounts due are scheduled to be repaid within one year.

### 2. Transfers To and From Other Funds

There were no transfers to and from other funds at August 31, 2022.

#### F. Long-Term Obligations

# 1. Long-Term Obligation Activity

On August 15, 2022, the District used \$10,101,020 of its own resources from the Debt Service Fund to advance refund \$9,980,000 of outstanding series 2018-A Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds with interest rates of 5.25%. The District used these resources to purchase U.S. Government securities. These securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service on refunded portions of the 2018-A series bonds. As a result, that portion of the 2018-A series bonds is considered defeased, and the District has removed the liability from its accounts. The advance refunding resulted in \$8,224,650 in total savings to the District.

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended August 31, 2022, are as follows:

Description	Interest Rate Payable	Amounts Original Issue	Amounts Outstanding 9/1/21	Issued	Retired	Amounts Outstanding 8/31/22	Amounts Due Within One Year
Public Property Finance Contracti Obligations	ual						
Series 2012	1.79%	2,864,000	310,000	no no	310,000		
Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds Series 2015	3.25% to 5.00%	11,710,000	11,365,000		360,000	11,005,000	375,000
Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds Series 2016	3.00% to 4.25%	9,050,000	8,775,000		285,000	8,490,000	295,000
Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds	2.00% to	3,030,000	0,773,000		263,000	0,490,000	293,000
Series 2018	5.00%	30,425,000	28,190,000		490,000	27,700,000	835,000
Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds Series 2018A	4.00% to 5.25%	55,980,000	33,805,000		10,725,000	23,080,000	775,000
Colles ZUTUA	J.LJ /0	55,560,000	33,003,000		10,723,000	20,000,000	775,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds	3.00% to						
Series 2019	4.00%	19,920,000	18,135,000		1,840,000	16,295,000	1,915,000
Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds	2.00% to						
Series 2021A	5.00%	99,240,000	99,240,000		5,920,000	93,320,000	5,220,000
Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds	3.00% to						
Series 2021B	4.00%	5,415,000	5,305,000	<u></u>		5,305,000	
Subtotals			205,125,000		19,930,000	185,195,000	9,415,000
Bond Premiums			23,407,809		1,407,984	21,999,825	1,407,984
Total Bo	onds		228,532,809		21,337,984	207,194,825	10,822,984
Other Liabilities:							
Loans			193,240		154,752	38,488	38,488
Net Pension	Liability		15,121,171	(6,618,275)	1,220,353	7,282,543	
Net OPEB Li	ability		14,453,741	608,660	298,995	14,763,406	
Total G	overnment	tal Activities	\$258,300,961_\$_	(6,009,615)	23,012,084 \$	229,279,262 \$	10,861,472

The Debt Service Fund makes the debt payments for the Unlimited Tax Bonds and the General Fund pays the debt for the Contractual Obligation Bonds and Loans.

## 2. Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements on long-term debt for bonds payable by the Debt Service fund at August 31, 2022, are as follows:

		Governmental Activities					
		General Obligation Bonds					
Year Ending August 31,	_	Principal		Interest		Total	
2023	\$	9,415,000	-	7,093,225	\$	16,508,225	
2024		9,195,000		6,659,600		15,854,600	
2025		8,960,000		6,234,700		15,194,700	
2026		8,755,000		5,821,525		14,576,525	
2027		8,540,000		5,419,475		13,959,475	
2028-2032		42,310,000		21,505,994		63,815,994	
2033-2037		45,700,000		12,239,219		57,939,219	
2038-2042		52,320,000		4,070,875		56,390,875	
Totals	\$_	185,195,000	\$	69,044,613	\$	254,239,613	

The District has entered into a continuing disclosure undertaking to provide Annual Reports and Material Event Notices to the State Information Depository of Texas, which is the Municipal Advisory Council. This information is required under SEC Rule 15c2-12 to enable investors to analyze the financial condition and operations of the District.

The District had \$31,320,000 in defeased bonds outstanding at August 31, 2022.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

#### 3. Loan Payable

During 2019, the District entered into a loan agreement to purchase copy machines at a cost of \$183,483. The District has a purchase option price of \$1 at the end of the loan. Payments are due on the 6th of every month for a period of 48 months.

Future combined minimum loan payments to be paid by the General Fund are as follows:

Year Ending August 31:			
	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	38,488	796	39,284
Total	38,488	796	39,284

#### G. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2022, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

#### **Unemployment Compensation**

During the year ended August 31, 2022, Gregory-Portland ISD provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. All districts participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. The Fund meets its obligations to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued each month until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggragate stop loss coverage for Unemployment Compensation pool members.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct and independent financial audit after the close of each plan year on August 31. The audit is approved by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2021, are available at the TASB offices and have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance in Austin.

#### Worker's Compensation

The District has established the Worker's Compensation Internal Service Fund to account for and finance workers compensation claims. It is a modified self-insurance plan, known as SchoolComp. The Plan year began September 1, 2021 and ended September 1, 2022. The District's maximum financial exposure for the plan year is \$319,314. Any costs above \$319,314 for the 2021-2022 plan year are the shared responsibility of the remaining

School Comp members. The District's self-insured retention per occurrence is \$95,794. Costs for any one claim above the self-insured retention are the shared responsibility of the remaining SchoolComp members. Excess insurance is provided by Safety National Casualty Corporation and admitted carrier. The policy provides for specific stop-loss attachment at \$350,000 per occurrence and aggregate stop-loss attachment at \$9,862,369. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

All funds of the District participate in the program and make payments to the fund based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior-year and current-year claims and to establish a reserve for losses relating to catastrophes. That reserve was \$3,767,310 at 8/31/22 and is reported as net position in the Workers' Compensation Internal Service Fund. The claims liability of \$187,002 reported in the fund at 8/31/22, is based on the

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

requirements of Gonvernmental Accounting Standards Board 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

Year Ended

Year Ended

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past two years are:

	08/31/22	08/31/21
Unpaid claims, beginning of year	\$ 126,606 \$	124,828
Current year claims and changes in estimate	211,087	175,128
Claim payments	(150,691)	(173,350)
Unpaid claims, end of year	\$ 187,002 \$	126,606

#### H. Pension Plan

#### 1. Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67, and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard workload and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

#### 2. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about%20publications.aspx; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698, or by calling (512) 542-6592.

# 3. Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (1) above.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in the manner are determined by the System's actuary.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

#### 4. Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, Section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6 percent of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6 percent and not more than 10 percent of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the System during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 thru 2025.

Contribution Rate	<u>s</u>	
	2021	2022
Member	7.7%	 8.0%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	7.5%	7.75%
Employers	7.5%	7.75%
District's 2022 Employer Contributions		\$ 1,447,006
District's 2022 Member Contributions		\$ 3,255,514
2021 NECE On-Behalf Contributions (State)		\$ 1,877,816

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute
  to the retirement system an amount equal to 50 percent of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or
  administrative employees; and 100 percent of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge an employer is subject to.

- All public schools, charter schools, and regional educational service centers must contribute 1.6 percent of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2021, gradually increasing to 2 percent in fiscal year 2025.
- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

#### Actuarial Assumptions

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2020 rolled forward to

August 31, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method
Single Discount Rate
Cong-term expected Investment Rate of Return
Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2020
Last year ending August 31 in Projection Period
Inflation
Pair Value
7.25%
1.95% \*
2120
2.30%

Salary Increases including inflation 3.05% to 9.05%

Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes None

The actuarial methods and assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2020. For a full description of these assumptions, please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 9, 2020.

#### 6. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.25 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50 percent of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55 percent of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25 percent. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of August 31, 2021 are summarized below:

Asset Class *	Target Allocation **	Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return ***	Expected Contribution to Long-Term Portfolio Returns
Global Equity			
USA	18.0%	3.6%	0.94%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.0%	4.4%	0.83%
Emerging Markets	9.0%	4.6%	0.74%
Private Equity	14.0%	6.3%	1.36%

<sup>\*</sup> The source for the rate is the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index"

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16.0%	(0.2)%	0.01%
Absolute Return	0.0%	1.1%	0.00%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5.0%	2.2%	0.12%
Real Return			
Real Estate	15.0%	4.5%	1.00%
Energy, Natural Resources and Infrastructure	6.0%	4.7%	0.35%
Commodities	0.0%	1.7%	0.00%
Risk Parity	8.0%	2.8%	0.28%
Asset Allocation Leverage			
Cash	2.0%	(0.7)%	(0.01)%
Asset Allocation Leverage	(6.0%)	(0.5)%	0.03%
Inflation Expectation			2.20%
Volatility Drag ****	**		(0.95)%
			· · ·
Expected Return	100.0%		6.90%

<sup>\*</sup> Absolute Return includes Credit Sensitive Investments.

# 7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following table presents the Net Pension Liability of the plan using a discount rate of 7.25 percent, and what the net position liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25%) or one percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate.

1%		1%
Decrease in	Discount	Increase in
Discount Rate	Rate	Discount Rate
(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)
\$ 15,913,511	\$ 7,282,543	\$ 280,207

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability:

8. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$7,282,543 for its proportionate share of the TRS net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 7,282,543
State's proportionate share that is associated with District	 11,206,000
Total	\$ 18,488,543

<sup>\*\*</sup> Target allocations are based on the FY2021 policy model.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (as of 08/31/2021)

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup> The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2020 and rolled forward to August 31, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2020 thru August 31, 2021.

At August 31, 2021 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0285966022%, which was an increase (decrease) of 0.0003633185% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2020.

# 9. Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended August 31, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,227,072 and revenue of \$44,800 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2022, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between Expected and Actual Actuarial Experience	\$	12,187 \$	512,697
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		2,574,237	1,122,146
Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings			6,106,317
Changes in Proportion and Difference between District's Contributions and the Proportionate Share of Contributions		1,641,522	
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date of the Net Pension Liability (to be calculated by employer)		1,447,006	
Total	\$	5,674,952 \$	7,741,160

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended August 31,	Pension Expense Amount		
2023	\$ (318,503)		
2024	\$ (419,963)		
2025	\$ (1,047,970)		
2026	\$ (1,707,440)		
2027	\$ (13,638)		
Thereafter	\$ (5,700)		

# I. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans

#### 1. Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan with a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

The TRS Board of Trustees administers the TRS-Care program and the related fund in accordance with Texas Insurance Code Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. The Board may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards.

# 2. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about\_publications.aspx; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

#### 3. Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public and charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table.

TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates					
Medicare Non-Medica					
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$	135	\$ 200		
Retiree and Spouse		529	689		
Retiree or Surviving Spouse					
and Children		468	408		
Retiree and Family		1,020	999		

#### 4. Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, Section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25 percent of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.65 percent of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public or charter school. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

	Contribution Rates	
		2022
Active Employee		0.65%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%
Employers	0.75%
Federal/Private Funding remitted by Employers	1.25%

District's 2022 Employer Contributions	\$ 341,764
District's 2022 Member Contributions	\$ 264,511
2021 NECE On-Behalf Contributions (state)	\$ 400,587

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to *(regardless of whether they participate in the TRS Care OPEB Program)*. When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay TRS Care a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$5,520,343 in fiscal year 2021 for consumer protections against medical and health care billing by certain out-of-network providers.

# 5. Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2020. Update procedures were used to roll forward the Total OPEB Liability to August 31, 2021. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017. The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are based on an established pattern of practice and are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2020 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2021:

Rates of Mortality Rates of Disability
Rates of Retirement General Inflation
Rates of Termination Wage Inflation

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females. The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the mortality projection scale MP-2018.

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2020 rolled forward to August 31, 2021	
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry-Age Normal	
Inflation	2.30%	
Single Discount Rate	1.95% as of August 31, 2021	
Aging Factors	Based on plan specific experience	
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related to the	
	delivery of health care benefits are included in the	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

	the age-adjusted claims costs.
Projected Salary Increases	3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation
Health Care Trend Rates	8.5% to 4.25%
Election Rates	Normal Retirement - 65% participation rate prior to age 65 and 40% participation rate after age 65.  Pre-65 retirees - 25% are assumed to discontinue coverage at age 65.
Ad hoc post-employment	
benefit changes	None

The initial medical trend rates were 8.50 percent for Medicare retirees and 7.10 percent for non-Medicare retirees. There was an initial prescription drug trend rate of 8.50 percent for all retirees. The initial trend rates decrease to an an ultimate trend rate of 4.25 percent over a period of 12 years.

#### Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 1.95 percent was used to measure the Total OPEB Liability. This was a decrease of 0.38 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was used for the long-term rate of return and was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The source of the municipal bond rate is the Fidelity "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2021 using the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/ Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds.

# Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1 percentage point lower than and 1 percentage point higher than the discount rate that was used (1.95%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

1% Decrease in

Current Single

1% Increase in

Discount Rate Discount Rate Discount Rate (0.95%)(1.95%)(2.95%)17,808,070 \$ 14,763,406 \$ 12,367,157

District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability:

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to **OPEBs** 

At August 31, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$14,763,406 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the Net OPEB Liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability 14,763,406 State's proportionate share that is associated with the District 19,779,674

Total 34,543,080

The Net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2020 and rolled forward to August 31, 2021 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

that date. The District's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the District's contributions to OPEB relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2020 thru August 31, 2021.

At August 31, 2021 the District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.0382724812%, which was an increase (decrease) of 0.0002508451% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2020.

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if a healthcare trend rate that is 1 percent less than and 1 percent greater than the health trend rates assumed.

District's proportionate share of Net OPEB Liability:

	1% Decrease in   Current Single			
Healthcare Trend Healthcare Trend		Healthcare Trend		
Rate		Rate	Rate	
	\$ 11,957,870	\$ 14,763,406	\$ 18,527,739	

#### 9. Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability (TOL) since the prior measurement period:

The discount rate was changed from 2.33 percent as of August 31, 2020 to 1.95 percent as of August 31, 2021. This
change increased the Total OPEB Liability.

Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date - There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

At August 31, 2022, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	_ (	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	635,635 \$	7,146,521
Changes in actuarial assumptions		1,635,221	3,122,187
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		16,028	
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		3,066,593	
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date		341,764	
Total	\$	5,695,241 \$	10,268,708

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended August 31:	OPEB Expense Amount		
2023	\$ (1,040,059)		
2024	\$ (1,040,421)		
2025	\$ (1,040,323)		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

2026	\$ (651,713)
2027	\$ (125,596)
Thereafter	\$ (1,017,119)

For the year ended August 31, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(706,975) and revenue of \$(730,021) for support provided by the State.

#### 10. Medicare Part D Subsidies

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2022, the subsidy payment received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District was \$172,867.

## J. Employee Health Care Coverage

During the year ended August 31, 2022, employees of the District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District paid premiums of \$250 per month per employee to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. All premiums were paid to a third party administrator, acting on behalf of the licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Section 21.922, Texas Education Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the District and the third party administrator is renewable September 1, 2022, and terms of coverage and premium costs are included in the contractual provisions.

Latest financial statements for the Blue Cross Blue Shield are available and have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance, Austin, Texas, and are public records.

# K. Commitments and Contingencies

#### 1. Contingencies

The District participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectibility of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingencies.

#### 2. Litigation

At August 31, 2022, the District was not involved in any lawsuits or other legal actions which, in Administration's opinion (based on discussions with legal counsel) would result in any direct loss to the District which would be material to its financial position.

#### L. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue at year end consisted of the following:

		Other	ı otal
	General	Governmental	Governmental
Revenue Description	Fund	Funds	Funds

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

State Entitlements	\$ 	\$	3,180 \$	3,180
Federal Grant Programs			65,257	65,257
Other	384,57	71	7,475	392,046
Total Unearned Revenue	\$ 384,57	71 \$	75,912 \$	460,483

# M. Due From Other Governments

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Amounts due from federal and state governments as of August 31, 2022, are reported on the combined financial statements as Due from Other Governments and are summarized below:

Fund	E	State Entitlements	Federal Grants	Other	Total
General	\$	1,400,481 \$	109 \$	47,789 \$	1,448,379
ESSER III			2,133,929	***	2,133,929
Debt Service Fund		12,123		70 Mg	12,123
Other Governmental Funds		94,558	1,677,266	***	1,771,824
Total	\$	1,507,162	3,811,304	47,789 \$	5,366,255

#### N. Fund Balances

The following is a summary of Governmental Fund fund balances of the District at the year ended August 31, 2022:

#### General Fund

Nonspendable:			
	\$ 8,245		
Prepaid Items	42,522		
	50,767		
Assigned: Litigation and Tax Settlements Insurance deductible Claims and judgments Encumbrances Early Childhood Center Phase 1 Early Childhood Center Phase 2 Ag Science Facility Phase 1 Ag Science Facility Phase 2 All-Purpose Indoor Practice Facility Capital Improvement Proj (Roofs, Demo, Etc) Disaster Recovery	3,000,000 3,000,000 500,000 54,465 4,884,649 11,558,000 934,233 1,709,642 29,339,435 14,800,000 15,000,000 84,780,424		
Unassigned:	24,413,601		
Total General Fund fund balance	109,244,792		
Debt Service Fund			
Restricted Retirement of Long-term debt	2,311,682		
Capital Projects Fund - 615			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Restricted Construction	6,377,902
Capital Projects Fund - 622	
Restricted	
Construction	63,985,700
Other Governmental Funds	
Nonspendable:	
Inventories	198,770
Restricted:	
Child Nutrition	977,222
Advanced Placement	73
State Textbook Fund	9,209
SPED Fiscal Support	3,719
Spectra Energy Foundation	955
OxyChem Corp	355
Lowe's	11
Cheniere LNG	11,993
Exxon/DelMar	2
G-P Education Foundation	2,246
Book-A-Palooza	1,251
Construction	98,527
	1,105,563
Assigned:	
Campus Activity	208,020
Total Other Governmental Fund fund balance	1,512,353
Total Governmental fund balance	\$183,432,429

#### O. Tax Abatement Agreements

The Gregory-Portland ISD Board of Trustees has approved agreements with various companies for a Limitation on Appraised Value of Property for School Distict Maintenance and Operations Taxes pursuant to the Chapter 313 of the Texas Tax Code, i.e., the Texas Economic Development Act, as set forth in Chapter 313 of the Texas Tax Code, as amended.

Value limitation agreements are a part of a state program, originally created in 2001 which allows school districts to limit the taxable value of an approved project for Maintenance and Operations (M&O) for a period of years specified in statute. The project(s) under the Chapter 313 agreement must be consistent with the state's goal to "encourage large scale capital investments in this state." Chapter 313 of the Tax Code grants eligibility to companies engaged in manufacturing, research and development, renewable electric energy production, clean coal projects, nuclear power generation and date centers.

In order to qualify for a value limitation agreement, each applicant has been required to meet a series of capital investment, job creation, and wage requirements specified by state law. At the time of the application's approval, the agreement was found to have done so by both the District's Board of Trustees and the Texas Comptroller's Office, which recommended approval of the projects. The applications, the agreements and state reporting requirement documentation can be viewed at the Texas Comptroller's website: https://www.comptroller.texas.gov/economy/local/ch313/agreement-docs.php.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

After approval, the applicant company must maintain a viable presence in the district for the entire period of the value limitation plus a period of years thereafter. In addition, there are specific reporting requirements, which are monitored on an annual and biennial basis in order to ensure relevant job, wage, and operational requirements are being met.

In the event that a company terminates this Agreement without the consent of the District, or in the event that the company or is successor-in-interest fails to comply in any material respect with the terms of this Agreement or to meet any material obligation under this Agreement, the the District shall be entitled to the recapture of all ad valorem tax revenue lost as a result of this Agreement together with the payment of penalty and interest, on that recaptured ad valorem tax revenue. Penalties on said amounts shall be calculated in accordance with the methodology set forth in Texas Tax Code Sec 33.01(a), or its successor statute. Interest on said amounts shall be calculated in accordance with the methodology set forth in Texas Tax Code Sec. 33.01(c), or its successor statute. The agreement provides an administrative procedure to determine any company liability. Ultimately, enforcement of any payment obligation is through the local state district court.

Below is the abatement information that is required by GASB Statement No. 77 for M&O purposes. It includes the net benefit to the District but does not include any I&S impact.

	< A >	< B > Project's	< C >	< D <	<e> Company</e>	< F > Company	< G > Net Benefit
	Doolook	Value	Amount of	Amount of	Revenue Loss	Supplemental	(Loss) to the
	Project Value	Limitation Amount	Applicant's M&O Taxes	Applicant's M&O Taxes	Payment to School District	Payment to School District	School District 2021
<b>Project</b>	2021	2021	Paid 2021	Reduced 2021	2021	2021	(E+F)
1.	\$45,500,000	\$0	\$436,937				
2.	\$772,519,210	\$30,000,000	\$182,635	\$7,235,867	\$1,559,570	\$436,945	\$1,996,515
3.	\$91,469,950	\$30,000,000	\$288,090	\$590,296		\$236,118	\$236,118
4.	\$3,312,225,940	\$30,000,000		\$31,807,306	\$8,398,504	\$426,876	\$8,825,380
5.	\$1,936,422,980	\$30,000,000	\$201,191	\$18,394,279	\$4,699,389	\$426,876	\$5,126,265
6.	\$1,843,986,480	\$30,000,000	\$288,090	\$17,419,712	\$5,040,443	\$1,056,456	\$6,096,899
7.		\$0					
8.		\$0					
9.		\$0					
10.		\$0			**		
11.		\$0					

#### **Project Description**

- 1. EC&R Papalote Creek Wind Farm II (Application #164), First Year Value Limitation: 2012
- 2. Voestalpine Texas, LLC (Application #299), First Year Value Limitation: 2016
- 3. Apex Midway Wind (Application #1,091), First Year Value Limitation: 2017
- 4. Corpus Christi Liquefication Train 1 LLC (Application #296), First Year Value Limitation: 2020

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

- 5. Corpus Christi Liquefication Train 2 LLC (Application #297), First Year Value Limitation: 2018
- 6. Corpus Christi Liquefication Train 3 LLC (Application #298), First Year Value Limitation: 2021
- 7. Corpus Christi Liquefication Train 4 (Application #1179), First Year Value Limitation: 2022
- 8. Corpus Christi Liquefication Train 5 (Application #1180), First Year Value Limitation: 2023
- 9. SABIC US Projects LLC (Application #1154), First Year Value Limitation: 2022
- 10. GCGV Asset Holding LLC (Application #1155), First Year Value Limitation: 2022
- 11. Exxon Mobil (Application #1156), First Year Value Limitation: 2022

#### P. Construction Commitments

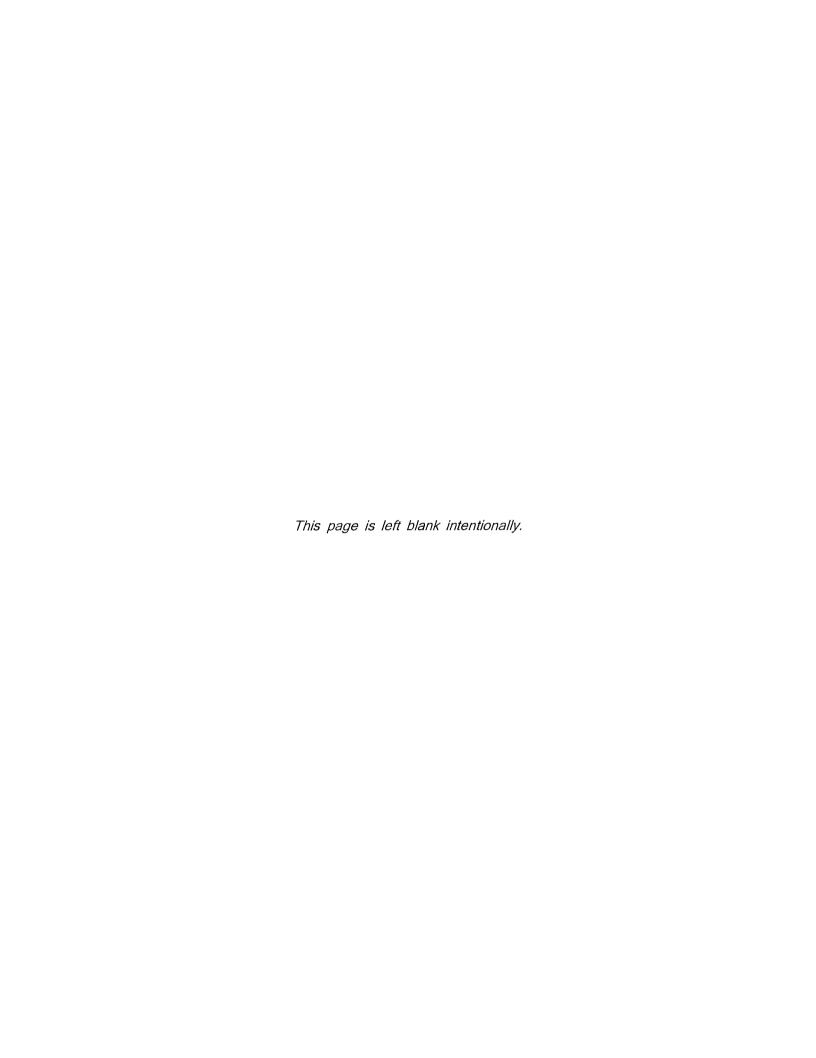
The District has several major construction projects in various stages of development:

- \* Chiller/Central Plant/Building Envelope
- \* Early Childhood Center for Pre-K & Kinder
- \* AG Science Classrooms
- \* Administrative Support Center
- \* All-Purpose Practice Facility
- \* Bus Fleet Replacement
- \* Vehicle/M&O Equipment Rotation
- \* SFA/TMC Playgrounds
- \* Safety & Security
- \* M&O Upgrades/Deferred Maintenance Rotation
- \* Kitchen Equipment Rotation
- \* Technology 1:1 Device Initiative
- \* Technology Equipment Rotation
- \* Fine Arts Equip/Athletic Uniforms/Cheer Uniforms Rotation

Each of these projects are part of voter approved Bond Issues that are being managed by the District's administrative staff with support from architects, construction managers, legal counsel, and other related service providers. The school board is providing the oversight required by law and board policy. Any additional information may be requested from the Office of the Assistant Superintendent for Business & Finance at (361) 777-1091.

# Q. Special Item - Tax Valuation Judgment

During the fiscal year, San Patricio County Appraisal District lost lawsuits filed against them for high property tax valuations by various tax paying entities. Due to the losses of these lawsuits, during FY 2022, the District paid back overpayment of taxes in the amount of \$260,821.



Required supplementary information Accounting Standards Board but r	Required Supplem ation includes financial in not considered a part of the l	formation and disclosures	Governmental

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Data			1		2		3		/ariance with Final Budget
Control			Budgete	d An	nounts				Positive
Codes			Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
5700 5800	REVENUES:  Local and Intermediate Sources  State Program Revenues	\$	59,728,862 15,543,860	\$	59,728,862 15,543,860	\$	57,228,981 15,064,120	\$	(2,499,881) (479,740)
5900	Federal Program Revenues		200,000		273,735	_	640,695	_	366,960
5020	Total Revenues		75,472,722		75,546,457		72,933,796	_	(2,612,661)
	EXPENDITURES: Current: Instruction and Instructional Related Services:								
0011	Instruction		32,953,223		31,723,322		31,031,945		691,377
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		929,929		975,214		546,015		429,199
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development		682,440		1,470,804		1,300,747		170,057
	Total Instruction and Instr. Related Services	_	34,565,592		34,169,341	_	32,878,707		1,290,634
	Instructional and School Leadership:								
0021	Instructional Leadership		1,591,911		1,595,584		1,048,791		546,793
0023	School Leadership	_	3,357,538		3,463,182		3,179,345	_	283,837
	Total Instructional and School Leadership	_	4,949,449		5,058,766		4,228,136	_	830,630
0004	Support Services - Student (Pupil):		4 704 000		4 700 570		4 500 000		140 501
0031 0032	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services Social Work Services		1,731,229		1,732,573 380,038		1,589,982 278,713		142,591 101,325
0032	Health Services		280,038 833,386		784,925		563,467		221,458
0033	Student (Pupil) Transportation		1,213,968		1,913,968		1,209,673		704,295
0034	Food Services		50,000		61,180		5,590		55,590
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		2,320,398		2,718,088		2,406,621		311,467
0000	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)		6,429,019		7,590,772		6,054,046	****	1,536,726
		_		_				-	
0041	Administrative Support Services: General Administration		3,851,720		3,722,406		3,404,435		317,971
0011	Total Administrative Support Services		3,851,720	-	3,722,406	-	3,404,435	_	317,971
	Support Services - Nonstudent Based:			-	······································	_		_	
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations		8,856,348		9,228,191		8,823,478		404,713
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		702,601		705,027		561,429		143,598
0053	Data Processing Services	_	1,458,773	_	1,897,246		1,528,984		368,262
	Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based	_	11,017,722	_	11,830,465	_	10,913,891	_	916,574
2221	Ancillary Services:		0.000		5.000		0.050		4 0 4 7
0061	Community Services	_	3,000		5,000	_	3,353	_	1,647
	Total Ancillary Services		3,000		5,000	-	3,353	-	1,647
0071	Debt Service: Principal on Long-Term Debt		495 000		E74.0E4		433,612		140 440
0071	Interest on Long-Term Debt		485,909 12,525		574,054 33,580		33,580		140,442
0072	Total Debt Service	-	498,434		607,634	-	467,192	_	140,442
	TOTAL DODE COLVIDO	_	700,404	_	307,004		107,132	-	170,774
0081	Capital Outlay: Capital Outlay		3,000		62,032,430		859,103		61,173,327
0001	Total Capital Outlay	_	3,000		62,032,430		859,103	-	61,173,327
		_				-		-	
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	_	784,000		784,000		752,525		31,475
	Total Intergovernmental Charges	-	784,000	_	784,000	_	752,525		31,475

EXHIBIT G-1 Page 2 of 2

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Data		1	2	3	Variance with
Data Control		Budgete	d Amounts		Final Budget Positive
Codes	-	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
6030	Total Expenditures	62,101,936	125,800,814	59,561,388	66,239,426
1100 1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	13,370,786	(50,254,357)	13,372,408	63,626,765
8949 7080	Other Financing Sources (Uses): Other Uses Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)		(177,467) (177,467)	(177,467) (177,467)	
7919 8913 1200	EXTRAORDINARY ITEM: Extraordinary Item (Resource) Extraordinary Item (Use) Net Change in Fund Balance	  13,370,786	 (8,861) (50,440,685)	1,346 (8,861) 13,187,426	1,346
0100 3000	Fund Balance - Beginning Fund Balance - Ending	96,057,366 \$ 109,428,152	96,057,366 \$ 45,616,681	96,057,366 \$ 109,244,792	\$ 63,628,111

# GREGORY-PORTLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

							Me	asurement Yea	r Enc	fed August 31,						
		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0	0285966022%	0	0282332837%	0	0278284417%	0	0245217880%	0	0204997752%	0	0193795699%	0	0190359000%	0	0105472000%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	s	7,282,543	s	15,121,171	\$	14,466,094	\$	13,497,387	s	6,554,724	\$	7,323,251	\$	6,728,937	\$	2,817,304
States Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) associated with the District		11,206,000		23,347,735		21,094,958		23,569,913		14,288,418		16,571,226		15,213,710		12,757,955
Total	<u>s</u>	18,488,543		38,468,906	_\$	35,561,052	_\$_	37,067,300	<u>s</u>	20,843,142	\$	23,894,477	\$	21,942,647	<u>s</u>	15,575,259
District's Covered Payroll	s	35,342,577	\$	34,092,016	\$	30,488,027	\$	28,546,267	\$	26,388,900	s	23,894,477	s	21,942,647	s	15,575,259
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a percentage of its Covered Payroll		20 61%		44 35%		47 45%		47 28%		24 84%		30 65%		30 67%		18 09%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total Pension Liability		88 79%		75 54%		75 24%		73 74%		82 17%		78 00%		78 43%		83 25%

Note Only eight years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #68, paragraph 138 "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

#### GREGORY-PORTLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

							J	Fiscal Year Ei	nded .	August 31,						
		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Contractually Required Contribution	s	1,447,006	s	1,219,530	s	1,180,954	s	974,279	s	825,275	s	671,884	s	618,472	s	563,662
Contribution in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution		(1,447,006)		(1,219,530)		(1,180,954)		(974,279)		(825,275)		(671,884)		(618,472)		(563,662)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		-		-	<u>s</u>	-	\$	-	<u>s</u>	•	<u>s</u>	-	<u>s</u>	•	\$	-
District's Covered Payroll	s	40,693,922	\$	35,342,577	s	34,092,016	\$	3,048,807	s	28,546,267	s	26,388,900	\$	24,637,543	\$	22,678,134
Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll		3 56%		3 45%		3 46%		31 96%		2 89%		2 55%		2 51%		2 49%

Note Only eight years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

# GREGORY-PORTLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Measurement Year Ended August 31, 2021 2020 2018 2017 2019 District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) 0 0382724812% 0 0380216361% 0 0358608826% 0 0343972702% 0 0307246887% District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) 14,763,406 14,453,741 16,959,050 17,174,872 13,361,015 State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) associated with the District 19,779,674 19,422,363 22,534,785 24,234,307 20,737,100 Total 34,543,080 33,876,104 39,493,835 41,409,179 34,098,115 District's Covered Payroll \$ 35,342,577 34,092,016 30,488,027 \$ 28,546,267 \$ 26,388,900 District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) 41 77% 42 40% 55 63% 60 17% 50 63% as a percentage of its Covered Payroll 0 91% Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total OPEB Liability 6 18% 4 99% 2 66% 1 57%

Note Only five years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #75, paragraph 245 "The information for all fiscal years for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

#### GREGORY-PORTLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

			Fis	cal Ye	ear Ended August	31,		
		2022	 2021		2020		2019	 2018
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	341,764	\$ 299,543	\$	290,843	\$	254,258	\$ 236,757
Contribution in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution	***************************************	(341,764)	 (299,543)		(290,843)		(254,258)	 (236,757)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)			 	\$	-		_	\$ -
District's Covered Payroll	\$	40,693,922	\$ 35,342,577	\$	34,092,016	\$	30,488,027	\$ 28,546,267
Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll		0.84%	0.85%		0.85%		0.83%	0.83%

Note: Only five years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #75, paragraph 245. "The information for all fiscal years for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

#### **Budget**

The official budget was prepared for adoption for all Governmental Fund Types. The budget was prepared in accordance with accounting practices generally accepted in the United States of America. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data.:

- a. Prior to August 21 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- c. Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the board.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings.

Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board and are not made after fiscal year end as required by law.

Each amendment is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at August 31, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either cancelled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no end-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

## Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### Changes of benefit terms

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period

#### Changes of assumptions

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

#### Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan

#### Changes of benefit terms

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

#### Changes of assumptions

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

This section includes financial Board and not considered a required by other entities.	l information and disclosu	nentary Informati ures not required by the al statements. It may, h	e Governmental Accountir	ng Standards ion which is

SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

	1	2	3 Assessed/Appraised
Year Ended		x Rates	Value For School
August 31	Maintenance	Debt Service	Tax Purposes
2013 and Prior Years	\$ Various	\$ Various	\$ Various
2014	1.17	.18	1,244,177,778
2015	1.17	.18	1,347,522,592
2016	1.12	.18	1,589,550,923
2017	1.17	.18	1,755,413,629
2018	1.17	.18	2,772,662,667
2019	1.17	.18	2,413,554,148
2020	1.0684	.20	3,406,957,700
2021	.963	.25	4,554,288,623
2022 (School Year Under Audit)	.9603	.25	5,051,557,217
1000 Totals			

9000 - Portion of Row 1000 for Taxes Paid into Tax Increment Zone Under Chapter 311, Tax Code

10 Beginning		20 Current		31		32		40 Entire		50 Ending
 Balance 9/1/21	_	Year's Total Levy		Maintenance Collections		Debt Service Collections	-	Year's Adjustments		Balance 8/31/22
\$ 197,132	\$		\$	7,326	\$	1,254	\$	(24,828)	\$	163,724
25,833				1,945		299		(66)		23,523
34,331				3,454		531		(59)		30,287
39,994				3,986		613				35,395
57,183				11,473		1,765		5,757		49,702
67,319				(22,352)		(3,439)		(26,992)		66,118
90,924				(14,711)		(2,263)		(20,879)		87,019
140,624				26,955		(32,415)		(31,690)		114,394
273,228				(90,105)		(23,392)		(243,082)		143,643
		61,138,996		33,549,644		27,320,515				268,837
\$ 926,568	\$	61,138,996	\$_	33,477,615	\$_	27,263,468	\$	(341,839)	\$_	982,642
\$ 	\$		\$	****	\$		\$		\$	

ı	oviloo.	and	Call	lections	
ı	evies	and	COL	iections	

Fiscal Year	Levy		Current	Percent
End	Year	Tax Levy	Collection	of Levy
08/31/13	2012	14,652,131	14,446,021	98.59%
08/31/14	2013	16,846,506	16,635,832	98.75%
08/31/15	2014	18,191,554	17,900,567	98.40%
08/31/16	2015	20,664,162	20,344,593	98.45%
08/31/17	2016	23,698,084	23,398,586	98.74%
08/31/18	2017	37,430,946	37,170,071	99.30%
08/31/19	2018	32,582,981	32,298,397	99.13%
08/31/20	2019	43,212,148	42,893,167	99.26%
08/31/21	2020	55,243,521	54,970,293	99.51%
08/31/22	2021	61,138,996	60,870,159	99.56%

USE OF FUNDS REPORT - SELECT STATE ALLOTMENT PROGRAM AS OF AUGUST 31, 2022

Data Control Codes		R	esponses
	Section A: Compensatory Education Programs		
AP1	Did your LEA expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?		Yes
AP2	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?		Yes
AP3	List the total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	\$	4,091,608
AP4	List the actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 24, 26, 28 29, 30, 34)	\$	2,259,674
	Section B: Bilingual Education Programs		
AP5	Did your LEA expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the LEA's fiscal year?		Yes
AP6	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?		Yes
AP7	List the total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	\$	101,803
AP8	List the actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 25, 35)	\$	67,017

NATIONAL SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAM BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

<b>.</b>			1		2		3		/ariance with
Data			Б						Final Budget
Control			Budgeted	IA D					Positive
Codes			Original	_	Final		Actual		(Negative)
	REVENUES:	_						_	
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	93,300	\$	93,300	\$	263,951	\$	170,651
5800	State Program Revenues		16,000		140,233		34,753		(105,480)
5900	Federal Program Revenues			_	4,001,999	_	3,900,587	_	(101,412)
5020	Total Revenues		109,300	_	4,235,532	_	4,199,291	_	(36,241)
	EXPENDITURES:								
	Current:								
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):								
0035	Food Services		4,006,999		4,131,232		3,440,168		691,064
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)		4,006,999	_	4,131,232		3,440,168		691,064
	Support Services - Nonstudent Based:								
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations		104,300		150,800		138,398		12,402
0001	Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based	_	104,300	-	150,800		138,398	_	12,402
	Total Support Solvioss Tronsladont Bassa	_	101,000	-	100,000	-	100,000	_	,
6030	Total Expenditures	_	4,111,299	_	4,282,032	_	3,578,566		703,466
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
1100	Expenditures	_	(4,001,999)	_	(46,500)		620,725	_	667,225
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
7949	Other Resources		4,001,999		**				
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	-	4,001,999	-	**	_		-	MA 144
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance			_	(46,500)	_	620,725	_	667,225
1200	Hot Change in Fand Balance				(40,000)		020,720		001,220
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning		555,267		555,267		555,267		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$	555,267	\$	508,767	\$_	1,175,992	\$_	667,225
				_		-		-	

FUND 511 BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Data			1		2		3		/ariance with Final Budget
Control			Budgete	ıA b	nounts				Positive
Codes			Original		Final	_	Actual		(Negative)
	REVENUES:								
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	28,272,229	\$	28,272,229	\$	27,462,855	\$	(809,374)
5800	State Program Revenues	-	***	_		_	16,910	_	16,910
5020	Total Revenues	_	28,272,229	_	28,272,229	_	27,479,765	_	(792,464)
	EXPENDITURES:								
	Debt Service:								
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt		20,212,579		20,091,759		19,620,000		471,759
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt		8,056,650		8,056,650		8,056,650		
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees		3,000		123,820		123,820		
	Total Debt Service	_	28,272,229	_	28,272,229	_	27,800,470	_	471,759
6030	Total Expenditures		28,272,229	_	28,272,229	-	27,800,470	_	471,759
		-		-		-		_	
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
1100	Expenditures	_		_		-	(320,705)	_	(320,705)
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
8949	Other Uses		***		(83,354)		(83,354)		
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	_		-	(83,354)	-	(83,354)	-	
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	-	m+ m	_	(83,354)	-	(404,059)	-	(320,705)
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning		2,715,741		2,715,741		2,715,741		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$_	2,715,741	\$_	2,632,387	\$_	2,311,682	\$_	(320,705)

## Lovvorn & Kieschnick, LLP

418 Peoples Street, Ste. 308 Corpus Christi, TX 78401

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* 

Board of Trustees Gregory-Portland Independent School District 608 College Street Portland, Texas 78374

Members of the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Gregory-Portland Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Gregory-Portland Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 9, 2023.

## Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Gregory-Portland Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Gregory-Portland Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Gregory-Portland Independent School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

## **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Gregory-Portland Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be

reported under Government Auditing Standards.

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## Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Lovvorn & Kieschnick, LLP

Corpus Christi, TX February 9, 2023

## Lovvorn & Kieschnick, LLP

418 Peoples Street, Ste. 308 Corpus Christi, TX 78401

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Trustees Gregory-Portland Independent School District 608 College Street Portland, Texas 78374

Members of the Board of Trustees:

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

## **Opinion on Each Major Federal Progam**

We have audited Gregory-Portland Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Gregory-Portland Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2022. Gregory-Portland Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Gregory-Portland Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2022.

## Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Progam

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Gregory-Portland Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Gregory-Portland Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

## Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Gregory-Portland Independent School District's federal programs.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Gregory-Portland Independent School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Gregory-Portland Independent School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- · exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
  perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test
  basis, evidence regarding Gregory-Portland Independent School District's compliance with the
  compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered
  necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of Gregory-Portland Independent School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Gregory-Portland Independent School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

## Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control

over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Lovvorn & Kieschnick, LLP

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Corpus Christi, TX February 9, 2023

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

# A. Summary of Auditor's Results

1.	Financial Statements							
	Type of auditor's report issued:		Unmodified					
	Internal control over financial reporting	g:						
	One or more material weaknesse	es identified?	Yes	X	No			
	One or more significant deficienc are not considered to be material		Yes	X	None Reported			
	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		Yes	X_	No			
2.	Federal Awards							
	Internal control over major programs:							
	One or more material weaknesse	Yes	X_	No				
	One or more significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?		Yes	X_	None Reported			
	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:		Unmodified					
	Version of compliance supplement use	April 2022						
	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, para. 200.516(a)??		Yes	X_	No			
	Identification of major programs:							
	Assistance Listing Number(s) 84.010A 84.425U 84.425U	Name of Federal P Title I, Part A - Impo TCLAS ESSER III ARP ESSER III IDEA-B Cluster:						
	84.027A 84.173A 84.027A 84.173X	I ARP I ARP						
	Dollar threshold used to distinguish be type A and type B programs:	etween	\$750,000					
	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		Y Vec		No			

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

B. Financial Statement Findings

NONE

C. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

NONE

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

		Management's Explanation
Finding/Recommendation	Current Status	If Not Implemented

N/A - No prior findings

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Program Corrective Action Required

N/A No corrective action required.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

(1)	(2)	(2A)		(3)
Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal AL Number	Pass- Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subre- cipients	Federal Expenditures
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed Through Texas Department of Health & Human Services: Medicaid Administrative Claiming Total Passed Through Texas Department of Health & Human Services	93.778 ces:	HHS000537900122	\$	\$ <u>12,243</u> 12,243
Passed Through State Department of Education: ELC Reopening Schools COVID-19 Public Health Workforce Supplemental Total Passed Through State Department of Education Total U. S. Department of Health and Human Services	93.323 93.354	HHS001114100001 HHS001101500001		182,012 35,000 217,012 229,255
U. S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through Texas Department of Agriculture: Child Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program State Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer	10.553 10.555 10.555	045339462 045339462 045339462	 	720,667 2,716,141 3,063
Supply Chain Assistance Summer Feeding Program Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.555 10.559	6TX300400 045339462		124,233 31,242 3,595,347
Commodity Supplemental Food Program Total Passed Through Texas Department of Agriculture Total U. S. Department of Agriculture	10.565	045339462		305,241 3,900,588 3,900,588
U. S. Department of Education  Passed Through State Department of Education:  ESEA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	22610101205902		674,022
IDEA-B Cluster: IDEA - Part B, Formula - American Rescue Plan (ARP) Act of 2021	84.027A	225350012059025350		131,631
IDEA-Part B, Formula IDEA-Part B, Preschool IDEA - Part B, Preschool - American Rescue Plan (ARP) Act of 2021	84.027A 84.173A 84.173X	226600012059026600 226610012059026610 225360012059025360		939,383 16,616 6,275
Total IDEA-B Cluster  Career and Technical Education - Basic Grant	84.048A	22420006205902		1,093,905 38,588
Title III, Part A-English Language Acquisition and Language Enhancement	84.365A	22671001205902	**	22,107
ESEA Title II, Part A - Teacher and Principal Training and Recruiting	84.367A	22694501205902		97,306
Title iv, Part A, Subpart 1	84.424A	22680101205902		52,304
ESSER Fund III of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 Texas COVID Learning Acceleration Supports (TCLAS)- State ESSER III Funds Total AL Number 84.425U	84.425U 84.425U	21528001205902 21528042205902		2,133,929 55,145 2,189,074
Total Passed Through State Department of Education				4,167,306
Total U. S. Department of Education TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$	4,167,306 \$8,297,148

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

## Federal Assistance Reconciliation

Federal Grants and Contracts Revenues per Exhibit C-2	8,860,831
Less: School Health & Related Services (SHARS) Revenues reported in	
General Fund	(563,683)
Total Federal Revenues per Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	8,297,148

#### Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards ("the Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of Gregory-Portland Independent School District. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200 Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"). Therefore, some amounts may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

## Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. These expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule, if any, represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Gregory-Portland Independent School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.